

Getting to Net Zero emissions in Australia

Elements of a successful transition

Australian Climate Roundtable workshop
10 Sep 2020

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Themes towards net-zero

- Low-emissions objectives – international context
- Rapid technological change – allows cost-effective decarb
- Policies and markets – NEM reform, low-emissions policies
- Structural adjustment – esp in the regions
- COVID recovery – distractions and opportunities
- Renewables-based heavy industries – new exports?

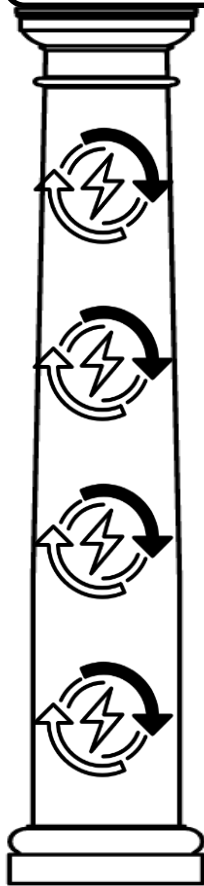
Paris <2d, Net Zero

- Premise widely accepted
- COP process will resume stronger in 2021
- UK, EU positioning clearly
- Biden's climate agenda
- Border carbon taxes

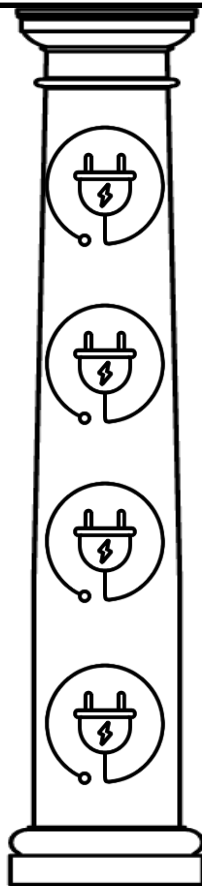
Rally the rest of the world to meet the threat of climate change.

Climate change is a global challenge that requires decisive action from every country around the world. Joe Biden knows how to stand with America's allies, stand up to adversaries, and level with any world leader about what must be done. He will not only recommit the United States to the Paris Agreement on climate change – he will go much further than that. He will lead an effort to get every major country to ramp up the ambition of their domestic climate targets. He will make sure those commitments are transparent and enforceable, and stop countries from cheating by using America's economic leverage and power of example. He will fully integrate climate change into our foreign policy and national security strategies, as well as our approach to trade.

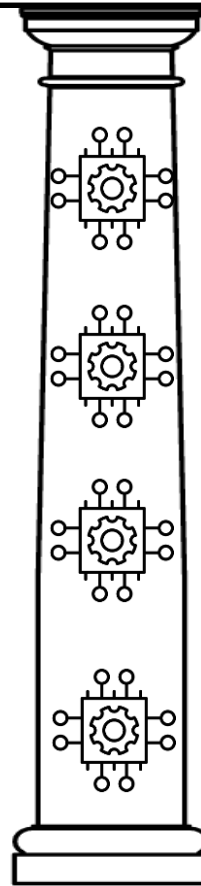
Pillars of decarbonisation



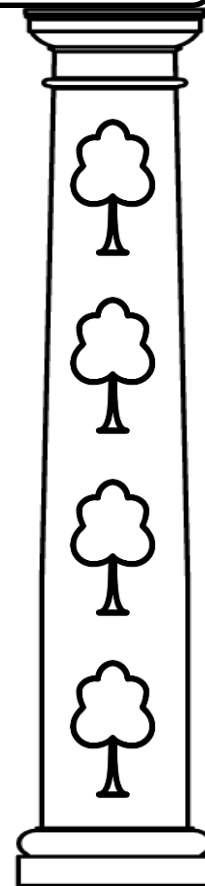
**Zero-emissions
electricity**



Electrification
(transport,
industry,
buildings)



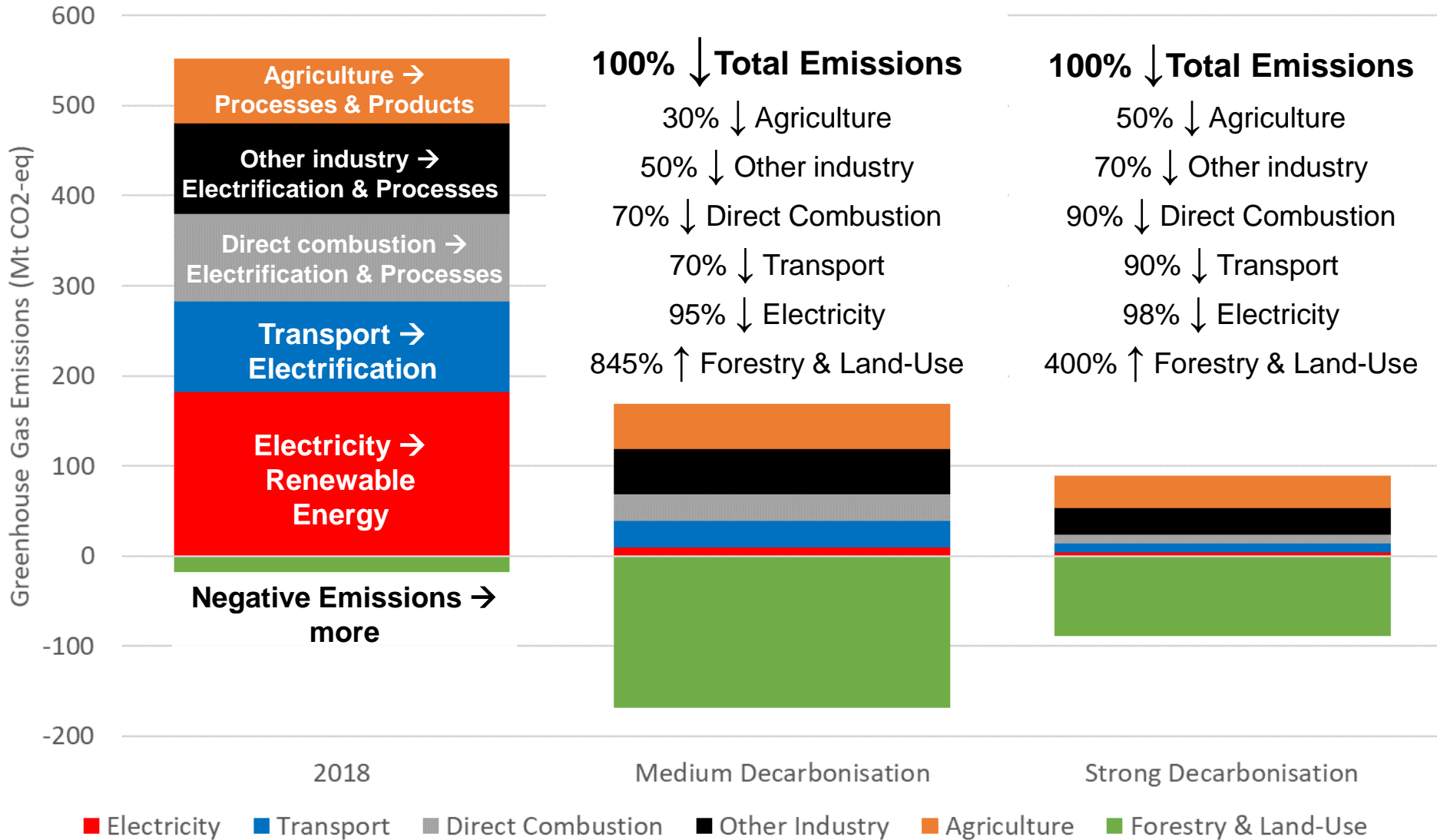
**Processes &
products**
(industry,
agriculture)



**Negative
emissions**
(biological and
technological)

+ energy efficiency, circular economy, consumption choices ...

What net zero *might* look like, for Australia



Zero-emissions electricity supply is central

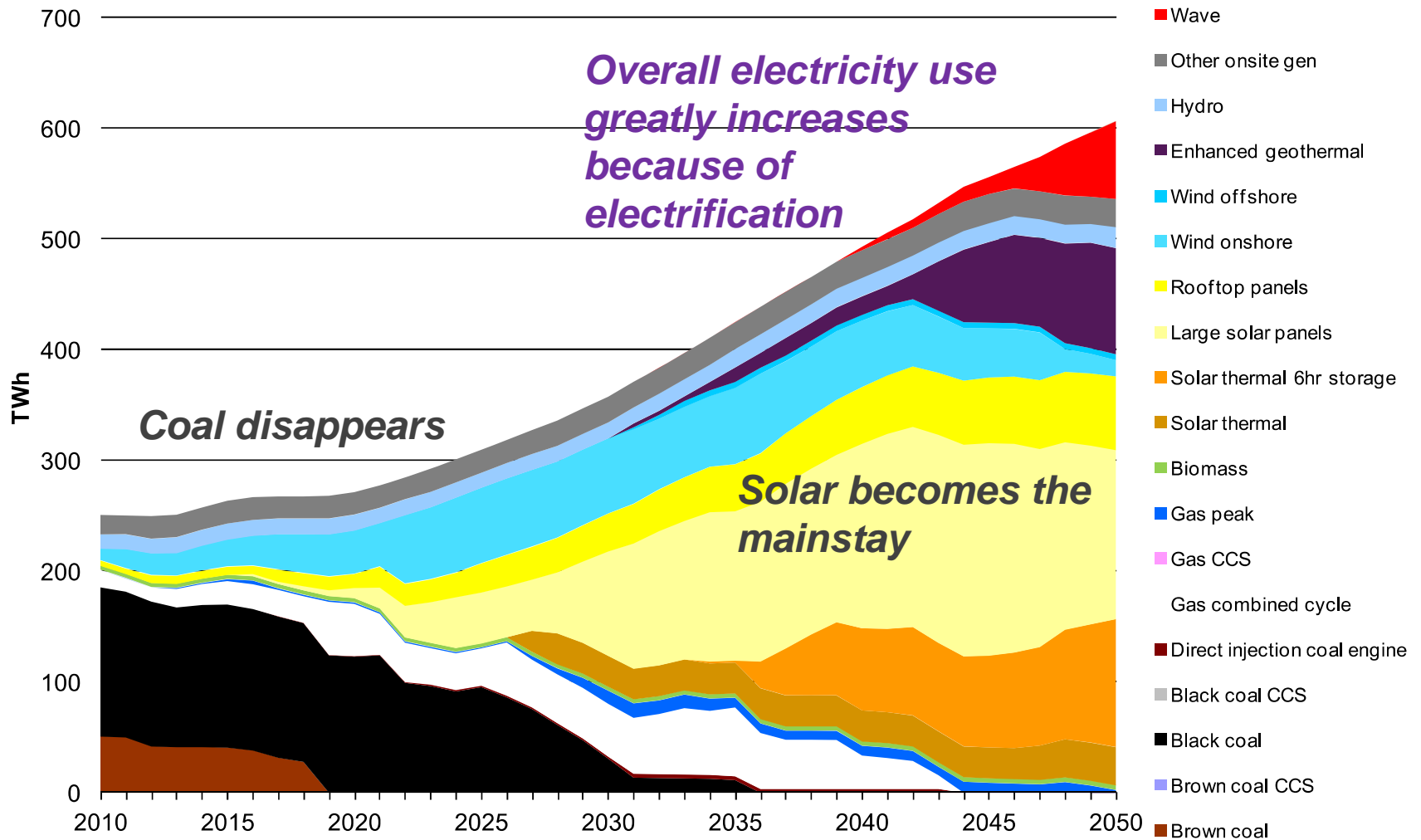
- ~1/3 of current emissions

“Electrify everything”

- Most of transport
- Much of industrial heat and motion
- Most energy use in buildings

Decarbonising electricity: a scenario for Australia (old but still holds true)

Figure 2.10 – Projected national electricity generation by technology, 100 percent renewable grid, 2010–2050



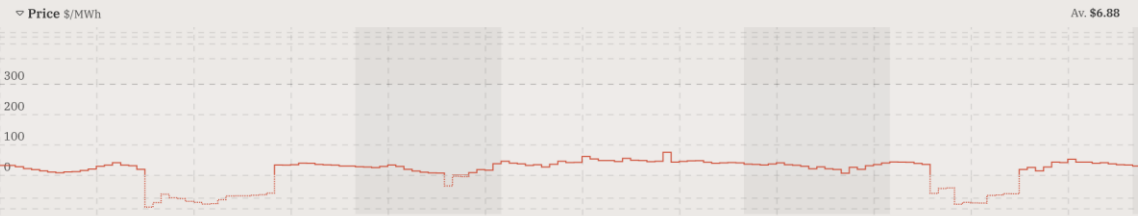
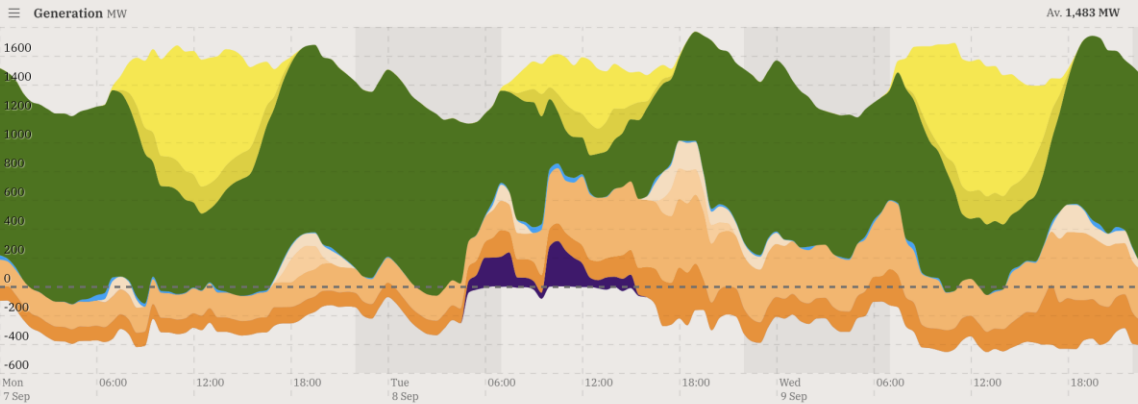
SA power generation

opennem.org.au/energy/sa/1

Energy South Australia

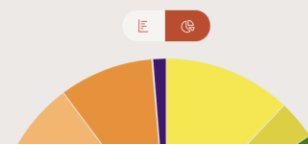
Consumption Generation

1D 3D 7D 30D 1Y ALL 5m 30m



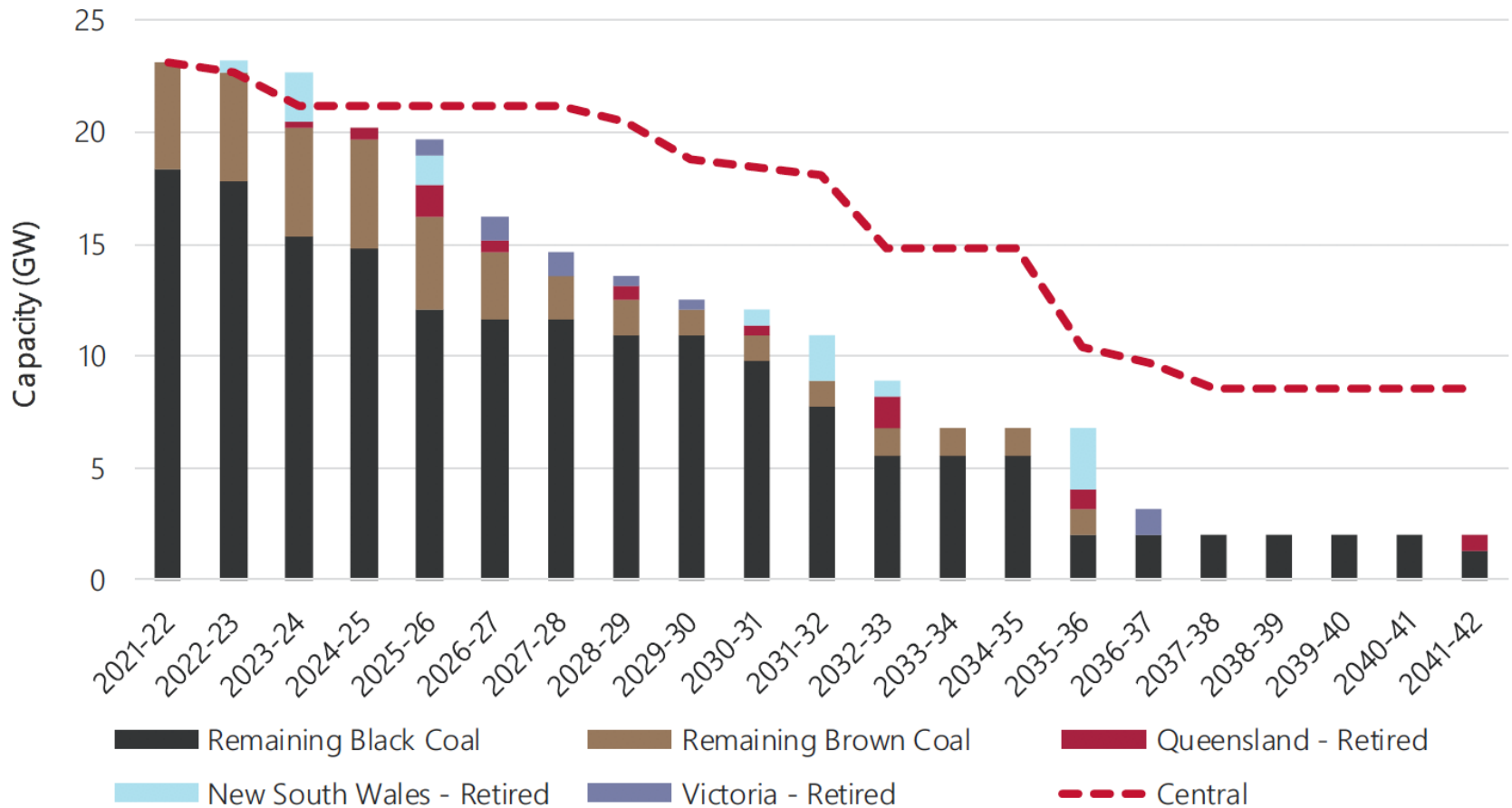
07 Sep, 12:00 AM – Today at 11:00 PM

Default	Energy GWh	Contribution to generation	Av. Value \$/MWh
Sources	123		\$6.88
Solar (Rooftop)	15	12.2%	-\$50.32
Solar (Utility)	4.5	3.7%	-\$32.13
Wind	67	54.8%	\$12.34
Battery (Discharging)	0.7	0.6%	\$16.62
Gas (Reciprocating)	2.4	2.0%	\$39.64
Gas (OCGT)	1.1	0.9%	\$41.69
Gas (CCGT)	21	16.9%	\$17.02
Gas (Steam)	11	9.0%	\$15.72
Distillate	-0.003	-0.002%	\$15.34
Imports	1.5		\$38.53
Loads	-18		
Exports	-17		-\$2.38
Battery (Charging)	-0.7		-\$29.07
Net	106		
Renewables	86	70.7%	



AEMO ISP: coal capacity, step change sc

Figure 55 Forecast coal retirements to 2041-42, Step Change scenario



Electricity market reform

Predictable revenue for renewables

- Market was not designed for zero-marginal-cost generators

Transmission

- Speed, efficiency, cost-effectiveness

Storage

- Role of large centralized storage / Snowy2:
part of the network infrastructure
(rather than revenue maximizing generators)?
- Vehicle-to-grid

Demand response

- Fully rewarding flexibility in demand

Coal transition policy

Greater predictability of coal plant exit

- Replacement investment available in time
... avoid supply crunch and “sawtooth” price patterns
- Prepare local transition
- ESB recognizes problem, canvasses options
- A time-bound coal exit plan, with a market mechanism?

Understand local transitions as corporate+society responsibility

- Planning and investment for regional economic futures
- Support for workers and communities

What policies? (simplistically)

Sector	Key policies	Plus
Electricity	Market and institutional reform	Coal exit, carbon price
Industry	Carbon price	Standards, R&D
Transport	Infrastructure	Pricing
Agriculture	Standards, R&D	Carbon price
Negative emissions	Carbon price / subsidies	R&D

COVID recession recovery: criteria for sensible public investment

Employment	Economic activity and growth	Timeliness
Reduced implementation risk	Low carbon compatibility	Environmental benefits
Social benefits	Resilience	Governance

COVID recession recovery: promising categories

Renewable energy supply

- REZs; along with expansion of transmission

Energy efficiency in buildings

- esp public housing, public buildings


Selected transport projects

- esp public/active transport ready to be built

Land management / ecological restoration

- esp in bushfire areas

Renewables-based export industries



Zero-Carbon Energy for the Asia-Pacific

Underpinning transformation in the way Australia trades with the world and specifically with the Asia-Pacific – based on renewable energy.

Hydrogen

- Domestic uses first/foremost?

Ammonia

- Existing fertilizer market, future energy carrier market?
- Synthetic fuels eg incl aviation

Steel

- Potentially very large ‘green steel’ markets

Aluminium

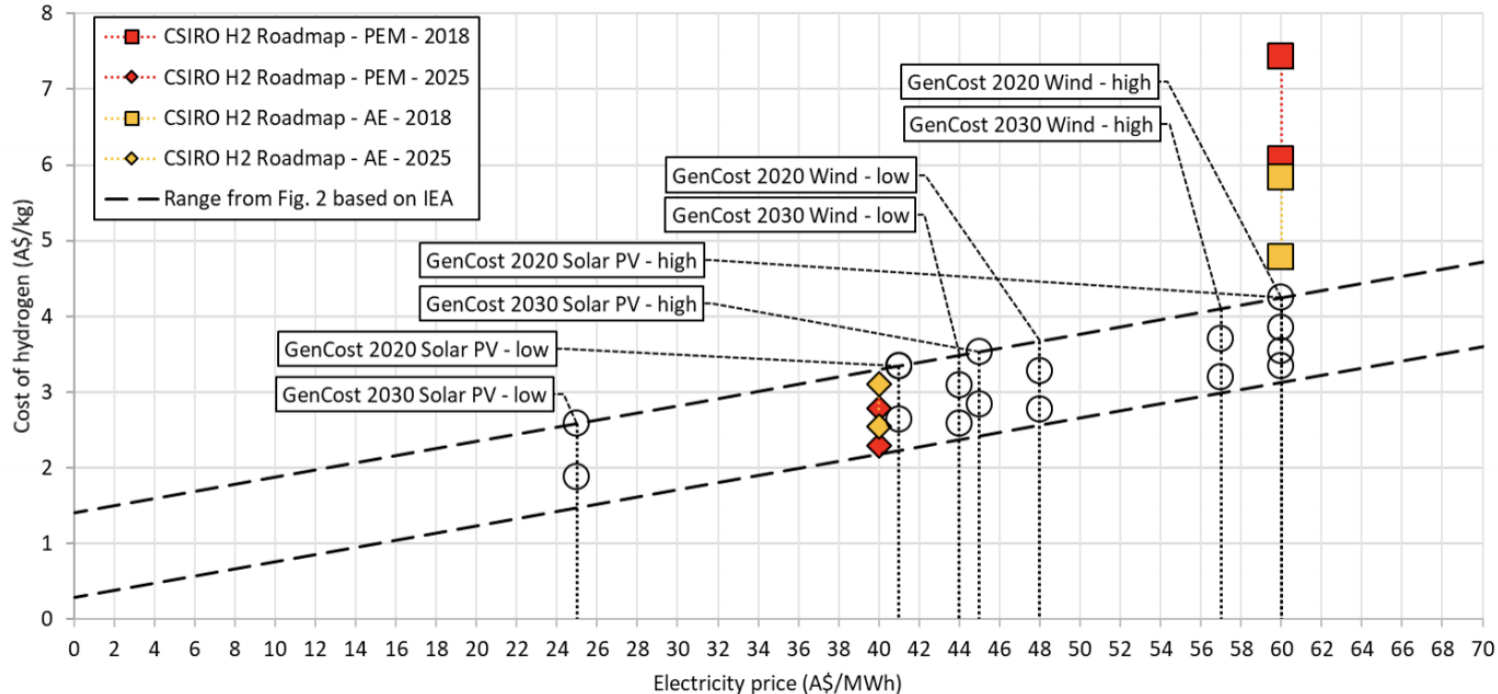
- The simplest ‘green’ commodity



Hydrogen

Green hydrogen rapidly gaining cost advantage, avoid gas/coal lock-in – *beware outdated assumptions*

Figure 3 – Production cost of hydrogen – comparison of price points based on GenCost estimates in the IEA cost model and CSIRO Hydrogen Roadmap



Outlook 2020-21

- Technology statement
 - What will be **done**, and how?
 - Gas debate a distraction?
- Long-term low-emissions strategy
 - Important not just as COP input, but to focus domestic thinking
- Recession response
 - Productive, low-carbon compatible public investment

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LATROBE VALLEY
AUTHORITY

AUSTRALIAN CLIMATE ROUNDTABLE WORKSHOP

Energy transition in the Latrobe Valley

Insights from the Latrobe Valley Authority

10 September 2020

KAREN CAIN

Chief Executive Officer
Latrobe Valley Authority

Department of Jobs, Precincts and Regions, Victoria



Latrobe Valley and Gippsland

Regional context



Gross Regional Product
\$9.1 billion



Population
272k



Size
41,556 km²

Major Industries



Agriculture



Energy



Construction



Healthcare



Tourism



Oil and gas



Manufacturing

Transitioning our economy

History of coal fired power generation

The Latrobe Valley is home to brown coal reserves and has been one of the main sources of power generation in Victoria and south eastern Australia for more than 130 years.

- Privatisation of the State's power network in the mid 90s led to a decline in direct and indirect employment in the region.
- The downgrading of assets and decreased economic benefit to the community is due to upgrade costs and changes in the market.
- All remaining three power stations expected to close over the next 27 years



Transitioning our economy

History of coal fired power generation



In November 2016, Engie announced the closure of the Hazelwood Coal Fire Power Station and Mine by the end of March 2017.

It resulted in a loss of approximately **1000 jobs** with associated supply chain impacted.



Latrobe Valley Authority

Who are we?

- Established in November 2016 by the State Government to respond to the closure of the Hazelwood Power Station
- Our role, to work with and for workers, businesses and the community to transition to a strong future
- And lead the **transition and transformation** of the Latrobe Valley economy and community through response, recovery and long-term strategic work



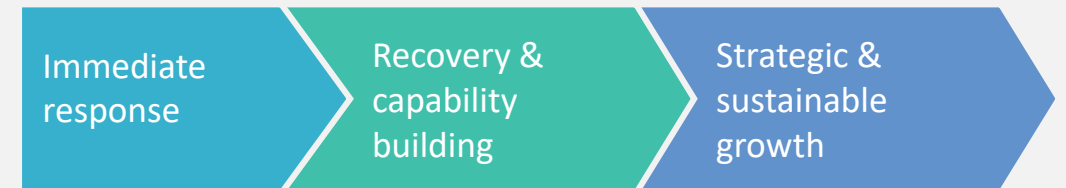
Latrobe Valley Authority

Who are we?

We work with and for the people of the Latrobe Valley to:

- build on community strengths and capability for the future;
- lead collaboration and innovation;
- draw on and use the best ideas for what works, both locally and from outside the region; and
- support opportunity for all.

Evolving our approach



- We've moved from immediate response and filling gaps to work that will create long-term sustainable system-wide change
- We're creating the local conditions for collaboration, learning from others and testing new ideas for collective benefit

What have we achieved so far?

900 jobs supported by Economic Facilitation Fund (\$10m)

\$20 million for community funding supporting **232 projects**

1263 businesses receiving incentives under the Economic Growth Zone

 **Community**

1,000 home energy upgrades

1,436 jobs supported by Back to Work (\$3m)

 **Business**

\$266m Support Package

20 Major events and a range of community development activities delivered

76 businesses signed up to GROW Gippsland

Major sports infrastructure including upgrades and new facilities

350 participants in 13 Youth Space programs

Business support service providing **\$1.9 million** for **195** early stage businesses

 **Workers**

1,488 clients supported by Worker Transition Service

51 participants in Ladder Step-Up program

1,368 loans provided through Good Money on no or low-interest terms

1,040 businesses signed up to Gippsland Business Connect

90 workers transferred to other power stations

20 Industry partners and **18** schools involved in **Broadening Horizons**

200 candidates undertaking Micro-credentialing of enterprise skills

Internationalising education

Construction of Hi-Tech Precinct Gippsland **nearing completion**

GROW People supporting inclusive employment

112 people engaged in the **Access New Industries Program**, customising training for entry to jobs in growth industries

Immediate response

Worker Transition Service

Delivery model

WORKER TRANSITION SERVICE

Creating a plan

We work with you to plan for your future.

This may include

Help with looking for a job

Understanding your training needs

Starting or growing your small business

Getting your finances on track

Personal and family support

Checking back in

Reconnecting to ensure your needs are being met

Delivery partners

- Gippsland Trades and Labour Council
- TAFE Gippsland Skills and Jobs Centre
- Employment providers
- Adult education providers



Supporting Workers

Delivery highlights

Worker Transition Service

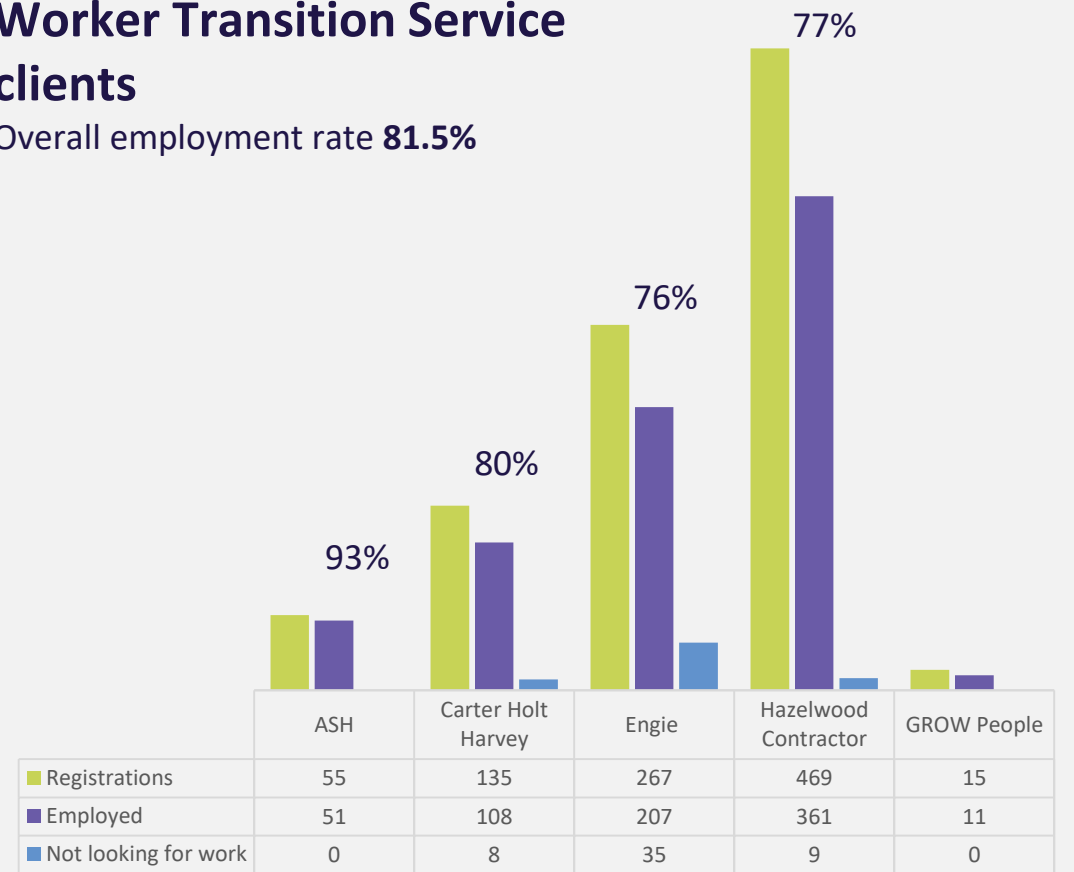
Service highlights



Worker Transition Service

clients

Overall employment rate **81.5%**



World's best practice

Smart Specialisation in Gippsland

The Smart Specialisation approach was pioneered by the European Union and has been applied and refined over two decades in more than 120 places at differing scales – from rural communities to whole cities and regions.

- The main focus of this work is to build on a region's unique assets and maximise opportunity for innovation.
- It is a platform to target investment – the EU has provided more than \$77 billion in funding to support activities based on local strengths.



- Central to the approach is government, education, industry and the community working together to identify and develop local strengths and long-term growth strategies.
- Linking industry with government, community, education and research enables greater emphasis on collaboration and innovation and provides longer-term solutions.

New energy in Gippsland

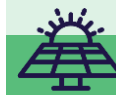
Progress to date

The traditional centre of energy production in Victoria, Gippsland's extensive electricity infrastructure and transmission network are significant assets which provide opportunities for new renewable energy generation.

Engagement in the design process



Four themes have been identified as areas of potential competitive advantage:



Smart grids

Innovation opportunities

- Pre-feasibility study underway into on how Heyfield and Loch Sport might develop local grids
- Scan of the global market looking at smart grids and how we can learn from them



Bioenergy

Innovation opportunities

- Research underway to determine bioenergy potential in Gippsland.
- Bioenergy development framework being developed to support stakeholders navigate the planning and regulatory process



Geothermal

Innovation opportunities

- Research into uses for geothermal is underway to identify potential opportunities in Gippsland.
- 3D case study of the Gippsland Regional Aquatic Centre is being developed to highlight geothermal opportunities



Community energy

Innovation opportunities

- Pre-feasibility study underway on how Phillip Island might achieve its 100% Renewable by 2030 goal.
- Latrobe Valley Power Hub researching the potential of reusing mid-age solar PV panels and reduce solar panel e-waste.

Lessons learned

Latrobe Valley Authority

- Importance of community based team with resources, authority and flexibility backed by state
- Strong frameworks for operating that focus on what matters to people, collaboration and solutions
- Need for timely preparation, strong data and evidence base for informed collective decisions
- Being prepared for long term commitment and willingness to challenge status quo including the way government operates





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Thank you. Questions?



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